

1. $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$; $a^2 + b^2 = (a+b)^2 - 2ab$
2. $(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$; $a^2 + b^2 = (a-b)^2 + 2ab$
3. $(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2(ab+bc+ca)$
4. $(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a+b)$; $a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)^3 - 3ab(a+b)$
5. $(a-b)^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a-b)$; $a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)^3 + 3ab(a-b)$
6. $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$
7. $a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$
8. $a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$
9. $a^n - b^n = (a-b)(a^{n-1} + a^{n-2}b + a^{n-3}b^2 + \dots + b^{n-1})$
10. $a^n = a \cdot a \cdot a \dots n \text{ times}$
11. $a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$
12. $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$ if $m > n$
 $= 1$ if $m = n$
 $= \frac{1}{a^{n-m}}$ if $m < n$; $a \in R, a \neq 0$
13. $(a^m)^n = a^{mn} = (a^n)^m$
14. $(ab)^n = a^n \cdot b^n$
15. $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$
16. $a^0 = 1$ where $a \in R, a \neq 0$
17. $a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$, $a^a = \frac{1}{a^{-a}}$
18. $a^{p/q} = \sqrt[q]{a^p}$
19. If $a^m = a^n$ and $a \neq \pm 1, a \neq 0$ then $m = n$
20. If $a^n = b^n$ where $n \neq 0$, then $a = \pm b$
21. If \sqrt{x}, \sqrt{y} are quadratic surds and if $a + \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{y}$, then $a = 0$ and $x = y$
22. If \sqrt{x}, \sqrt{y} are quadratic surds and if $a + \sqrt{x} = b + \sqrt{y}$ then $a = b$ and $x = y$
23. If a, m, n are positive real numbers and $a \neq 1$, then $\log_a mn = \log_a m + \log_a n$
24. If a, m, n are positive real numbers, $a \neq 1$, then $\log_a \left(\frac{m}{n}\right) = \log_a m - \log_a n$
25. If a and m are positive real numbers, $a \neq 1$ then $\log_a m^n = n \log_a m$
26. If a, b and k are positive real numbers, $b \neq 1, k \neq 1$, then $\log_b a = \frac{\log_k a}{\log_k b}$
27. $\log_b a = \frac{1}{\log_a b}$ where a, b are positive real numbers, $a \neq 1, b \neq 1$
28. if a, m, n are positive real numbers, $a \neq 1$ and if $\log_a m = \log_a n$, then $m = n$

$$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$$

$$1 + \cot^2 A = \csc^2 A$$

$$\tan^2 A + 1 = \sec^2 A$$

II	I		
sin, cosec	সকল অনুল্লভ	$\sin \theta = \frac{PQ}{OP} = \frac{\text{নয়}}{\text{অতিকৃত্ত}}$	$\csc \theta = \frac{OP}{PQ} = \frac{\text{অতিকৃত্ত}}{\text{নয়}}$
cos, sec	বনাম্বক	$\cos \theta = \frac{OQ}{OP} = \frac{\text{হুঁমি}}{\text{অতিকৃত্ত}}$	$\sec \theta = \frac{OP}{OQ} = \frac{\text{অতিকৃত্ত}}{\text{হুঁমি}}$
tan, cot	বনাম্বক	$\tan \theta = \frac{PQ}{OQ} = \frac{\text{নয়}}{\text{হুঁমি}}$	$\cot \theta = \frac{OQ}{PQ} = \frac{\text{হুঁমি}}{\text{নয়}}$

